

Graduate Program in Economics, Binghamton University
ECON 603: Advanced Mathematical Analysis for Economists
Diagnostic Exam

Question 1

- a) With reference to the function $f : R \rightarrow R$,
- i. State the Mean Value Theorem of the differential calculus (MVT);
 - ii. State the Taylor Series Expansion of $f(x)$ about the point $x = a$

Carefully demonstrate that the MVT is a special case of the Taylor Series.

- b) Use the Taylor Series to prove that $f'(a) = 0$ is a necessary condition for the function f to have a relative extrema at $(a, f(a))$. Furthermore, prove that if $f'(a) = f''(a) = 0$ and $f'''(a) \neq 0$, then the point $(a, f(a))$ is neither a relative minimum nor a relative maximum point.
- c) By considering the Taylor Series expansion of $f(x) = e^x$ about $x = 0$, show that

$$e = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + R$$

Where $R = \frac{1}{8}x^4$

Question 2

Suppose that aggregate consumption in period t , C_t , is a linear function of aggregate income in the previous period, Y_{t-1} , that is,

$$C_t = A + BY_{t-1}$$

Question 3

Consider a representative agent consumes two goods, economic books and bread. Her utility function is given by $U(X, Y) = X^{\alpha} Y^{1-\alpha}$, where X stands for the number of economic books and Y stand for the number of bread. α and $1-\alpha$ are such that $\alpha + 1 - \alpha = 1$.

- a) By substituting for e_t in equation (*) and then eliminating e_{t-1} from the resulting equation, show that

$$y_{t-2} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) y_{t-1} + y_t - u_{t-2}$$

- b) Given that $\frac{1}{2}$ and $u_t = 0$, solve the difference equation that you obtained in part (a).

Question 6

Given the following non-linear maximization problem:

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 2x_1^2 + 8x_2^2$$

$$\text{Subject to } \begin{aligned} x_1^2 + x_2^2 &= 16 \\ x_1, x_2 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- a) Formulate the Lagrangian function for this problem.