# 1. Purpose of this document

This document will serve as guidance for the safe operational acceptances and labs with 3D printers. Hazardshat may not be immediately apparent

Binder Jetting	Metal, ceramic, plastic, or sand	Powder	Adhesive	Inhalation/dermal exposure to powder; explosion; inhalation of VOCs, dermælxposure to binders
Sheet Lamination	Metal, ceramic, or plastic	Rolled film or sheet	Adhesive or ultrasonic welding	Inhalation of fumes, VOCs; shock, laser/radiation exposure
Directed	Metal	ı	1	, ,

Energy Deposition

- 4.3.2 No modifications may be made to 3d printer laser configurations without consent from the Laser Safety Officer EHS.
- 4.3.3 Laser containing exipment is regulated by the Laser Safety Pam Many devices have embedded Class 4 lasers used for metal welding, but may have integrated safety features that render the unit a Class 1 Laser system.

### 4.4 Ultraviolet Light

4.4.1

## 5. Hazard Prevention and Mitigation

#### 5.1. Dust Accumulation and Cleanup

- 5.1.1.Dust collection protocols must be in placec@mulation of dust only/32" over 5% of the surface area of a rooms a hazard. Iterms of alab space if your 3d printing lab is 1500sq. ft, an accumulation of 1/32" on two standard benchtops is a hazard Furthermore, dust accumulated on ceiling fixtures and beams be disturbed by a small deflagration, fueling a much larger explosion.
- 5.1.2.A dedicated and approved bmbustible powder vacuum is necesstoryclean powder Generic shop vacuums or HEPA vacuums may provide that spark as they are not intrinsically safe.
- 5.1.3. Vacuum cleaners designe2 (a) 2.8.003 Tw 0.228 0 Td [(V) 0.8 (ac) -1.9 (u) 23 urpoacxpxpxa 2.6 (n) 2

- 5.4.2. The presence of VOCs of the be detected by their distinct odor. Odors should be controlled by an engineering control device such as a shroud or snorkel that captures the emissions.
- 5.4.3. The presence of UFPs may not be noticeable as there is no distinct odor and they are usually too small to see. UFPs are less thanning size and when inhaled can enter the deepest part of the lungs, where they may enter tissues and sitsilar to VOCs, they should be capture at the point of generation Unlike VOCs they can become concentrated in ductwork and form explosive concentrations
- 5.4.4. Air monitoring may be installed to determine background dust and accumulation amounts or the displacement of oxygen by heavy inert gases that may be used.
- 5.4.5.Inert gases should be removed using appropriate building ventilation. EHShasidaP Facilitiescan be consulted.

#### 5.5. Personal Protective Equipment

- 5.5.1. Hand Protection can be utilized to prevent skin contact.
- 5.5.2. Body protection can be utilized to protect the users from dust exposure to clothing.
- 5.5.3.Respiratory protection may be required in some applications. Consultation with EHS will determine if participation the Respiratory Protection Program is required.
- 5.5.4. Eyeprotection should be utilized to avoid dust exposure to the eyes.

### 6. Training

Training Topic	Responsibility		
Lab Safety	EHS		
Flame Resistant Clothing	PI		

Respiratory Protection

- NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fires and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling@mbustible Particulate Solids
- NFPA 61, Standard for the Prevention of Fires and Dust Explosions in Agriandufalod Processing Facilities
- NFPA 655, Standard for Prevention Sulfur Fires and Explosions
- NFPA 664, Standard for the Prevention of Fires and Explosions in Wood Processing and Woodworking Facilities
- UL 3400, "Outline of Investigation for Additive Manufacturing Facility Safety Management"
- <a href="https://www.safetyandhealthmagazine.com/articles/1940@oshannouncespartnership-aimed-at-enhancing-afety-and-health-in-3d-printing">https://www.safetyandhealthmagazine.com/articles/1940@oshannouncespartnership-aimed-at-enhancing-afety-and-health-in-3d-printing</a>
- https://www.ehs.harvard.edu/programs/makerspaceafety
- https://3dinsider.com/3dprinter-types/
- https://blogs.cdc.gov/niostscienceblog/2019/04/09/am/
- https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160412018323663

#### **Footnotes**

<sup>1</sup>https://www.osti.gov/servlets/purl/1242062